

A Diastereocontrolled Synthesis of (+)-Febrifugine: A Potent Antimalarial Piperidine Alkaloid

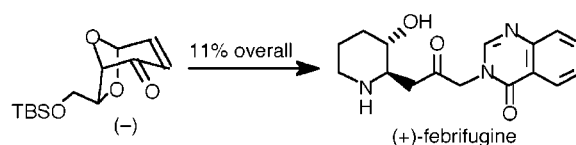
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ABSTRACT



A diastereocontrolled synthesis of (+)-febrifugine, a potent antimalarial piperidine alkaloid, has been achieved using a chiral block having a bicyclo[3.2.1]octane framework which exhibits inherent convex-face selectivity.

Although (+)-febrifugine **1** and (+)-isofebrifugine **2**, constituents of the Chinese medicinal plant *Dichroa febrifuga* Lour. (Chinese name: Chang Shan), were isolated more than a half century ago as active principles against malaria,¹ their absolute structures have just been determined quite recently as shown² (Figure 1). Their antimalarial activity as well as

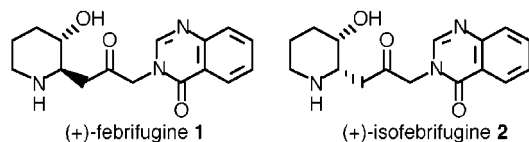


Figure 1.

their chemistry was reinvestigated which revealed their high activity against *Plasmodium Malaria* parasite. In particular,

(1) (a) Koepeli, J. B.; Mead, J. F.; Brockman, Jr. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1947**, *69*, 1836. (b) Koepeli, J. B.; Mead, J. F.; Brockman, Jr. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1949**, *69*, 1048. (c) Jang, C. S.; Fu, F. Y.; Wang, C. Y.; Huang, K. C.; Lu, G.; Thou, T. C. *Science* **1946**, *103*, 59. (d) Frederick, A. K., Jr.; Spencer, C. F.; Folkers, K. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1948**, *70*, 2091. (e) Barringer, D. F.; Berkelhammer, G.; Wayne, R. S. *J. Org. Chem.* **1973**, *38*, 1937. (f) Murata, K.; Takano, F.; Fushiya, S.; Oshima, Y. *J. Nat. Prod.* **1998**, *61*, 729.

(+)-febrifugine **1** exhibits comparable activity in vivo to the clinically used drug chloroquine.^{1f,2b,3} Since its racemate and natural (+)-isofebrifugine **2** as well as the enantiomers of the natural products were found to exhibit much less activity than natural (+)-febrifugine **1** and since febrifugine **1** could be epimerized to isofebrifugine **2**, development of efficient enantio- and diastereocontrolled preparation of natural (+)-febrifugine **1** is most important for extensive biological investigation. If we look at (+)-febrifugine **1** retrosynthetically, presuming the construction of its piperidine moiety by a ring-closing metathesis (RCM) reaction,⁴ we can reach to the 4-allylamino-3-heptene-3,7-diol **4** which in turn can be connected to the chiral building block^{5,6} (–)**5** having a dioxabicyclo[3.2.1]octane framework. This building block was readily prepared either by catalytically⁵ or enzymatically⁶ from frufural in enantiomerically pure forms and utilized for

(2) (a) Kobayashi, S.; Ueno, M.; Suzuki, R.; Ishitani, H. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1999**, *40*, 2175. (b) Kobayashi, S.; Ueno, M.; Suzuki, R.; Ishitani, H.; Kim, H.-S.; Wataya, Y. *J. Org. Chem.* **1999**, *64*, 6833.

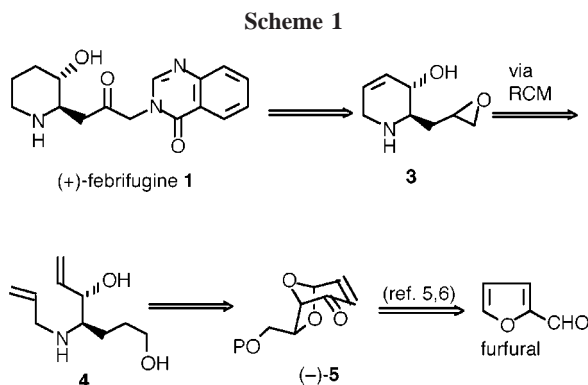
(3) Takaya, Y.; Tasaka, H.; Chiba, T.; Uwai, K.; Tanitsu, M.; Kim, H.-S.; Wataya, Y.; Miura, M.; Takeshita, M.; Oshima, Y. *J. Med. Chem.* **1999**, *42*, 3163.

(4) For pertinent reviews, see: Grubbs, R. H.; Chang, S. *Tetrahedron* **1998**, *54*, 4413. Roy, R.; Das, S. K. *Chem. Commun.* **2000**, 519.

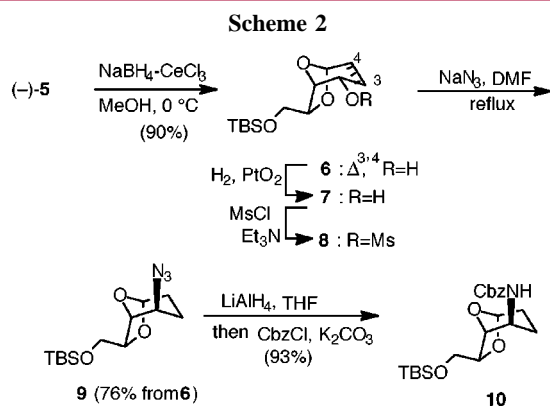
(5) Takeuchi, M.; Taniguchi, T.; Ogasawara, K. *Synthesis* **1999**, 341.

(6) Taniguchi, T.; Takeuchi, M.; Kadota, K.; ElAzab, A. S.; Ogasawara, K. *Synthesis* **1999**, 1325.

the diastereocontrolled construction of aldohexoses^{5,7} and other natural products⁸ on the basis of its inherent convex-face selectivity and high functionality. In this paper, we report its utilization for a diastereocontrolled synthesis of (+)-febrifugine **1** on the retrosynthetic analysis shown (Scheme 1).

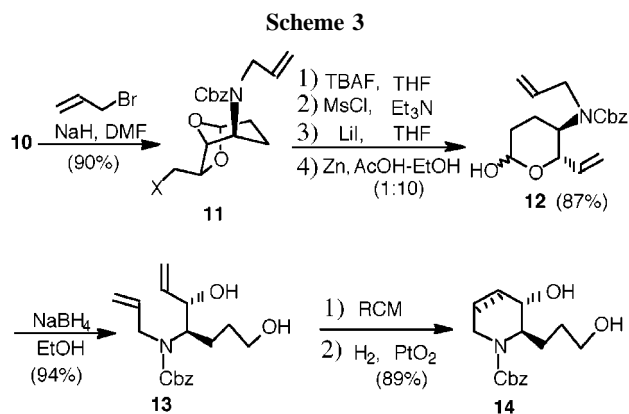


Enantiopure enone (–)-**5** was first converted diastereoselectively into the *endo*-allyl alcohol **6**, [α]²⁶_D +2.8 (*c* 1.1, CHCl₃), by convex-face selective 1,2-reduction,⁹ which was hydrogenated to give the saturated alcohol **7**, [α]²⁸_D +17.2 (*c* 1.1, CHCl₃). Replacement of the hydroxy functionality of **7** by an azide was carried out in an acceptable overall yield through the mesylate **8** which afforded the *exo*-azide **9**, [α]²⁶_D +11.8 (*c* 2.1, CHCl₃), on reflux with sodium azide in DMF. Having installed the nitrogen functionality with the requisite stereochemistry, the azide **9** was next transformed into the carbamate **10**, [α]³⁰_D +17.3 (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃), by one-pot reduction and carbamoylation. Overall yield of **10** from the chiral block (–)-**5** was 63% in six steps (Scheme 2).



To construct the piperidine moiety of (+)-febrifugine **1**, the secondary carbamate **10** was first *N*-allylated to give the tertiary carbamate **11** (X = OTBS), [α]²⁸_D +37.6 (*c* 1.1, CHCl₃), whose silyloxy functionality was replaced by iodine

via the primary alcohol **11** (X = OH), [α]²⁸_D +77.5 (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃), by a sequence of reactions involving desilylation, mesylation, and substitution. The iodide **11** (X = I), [α]²⁶_D +33.9 (*c* 1.1, CHCl₃), thus obtained was then treated with zinc to give the hemiacetal **12** which was further reduced to afford the dihydroxydiene **13**, [α]²⁷_D +13.1 (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃). Upon RCM reaction in the presence of Grubbs' catalyst¹⁰ (5 mol %), **13** furnished the dedihydropiperidine **14** (4,5-dehydro) in 89% yield, which was hydrogenated to give the piperidinediol **14**, [α]³⁰_D –31.3 (*c* 1.4, CHCl₃), corresponding to the retron **4** (Scheme 3).



To connect the quinuclidine moiety required for (+)-febrifugine **1**, the diol **14** was transformed regioselectively into the primary sulfide **15** (R = H), [α]²⁹_D –19.5 (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃), on reaction with diphenyl disulfide in pyridine in the presence of tributylphosphine.^{11,12} A similar reaction using *o*-nitrophenyl selenocyanate¹³ in place of diphenyl disulfide proceeded in nonregioselective way. After benzylation of the secondary hydroxy functionality, the benzyl ether **15** (R = Bn), [α]²⁷_D –29.1 (*c* 1.1, CHCl₃), obtained was converted into the sulfoxide which was refluxed in diphenyl ether in the presence of calcium carbonate¹⁴ to furnish the terminal olefin **16**, [α]²⁸_D –45.1 (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃), in acceptable overall yield. Since direct epoxidation with a

(8) Utilization of the chiral building block for enantiocontrolled synthesis of other natural products, see: (a) (+)-noviose: Takeuchi, M.; Taniguchi, T.; Ogasawara, K. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **2000**, *41*, 2609. (b) FK-506 fragment: Takeuchi, M.; Taniguchi, T.; Ogasawara, K. *Tetrahedron: Asymmetry* **2000**, *11*, 1601. (c) (–)-Shikimic acid: Takeuchi, M.; Taniguchi, T.; Ogasawara, K. *Synthesis* **2000**, 1375. (d) (–)-Physostigmine and (–)-physovenine: ElAzab, A. S.; Taniguchi, T.; Ogasawara, K. *Org. Lett.* **2000**, *2*, 2757.

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 (10) Bis(tricyclohexylphosphine)benzylideneruthenium(IV) dichloride was purchased from Strem Chemicals and used without further purification.

(11) Nakagawa, I.; Hata, T. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1975**, 1409. Nakagawa, I.; Aki, K.; Hata, T. *J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 1* **1983**, 1315.

(12) Takano, S.; Goto, E.; Ogasawara, K. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1982**, *23*, 5567.

(13) Grieco, P. A.; Gilman, S.; Nishizawa, M. *J. Org. Chem.* **1976**, *41*, 1485.

(14) Trost, B. M.; Saltzman, T. N. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1973**, *95*, 6840.

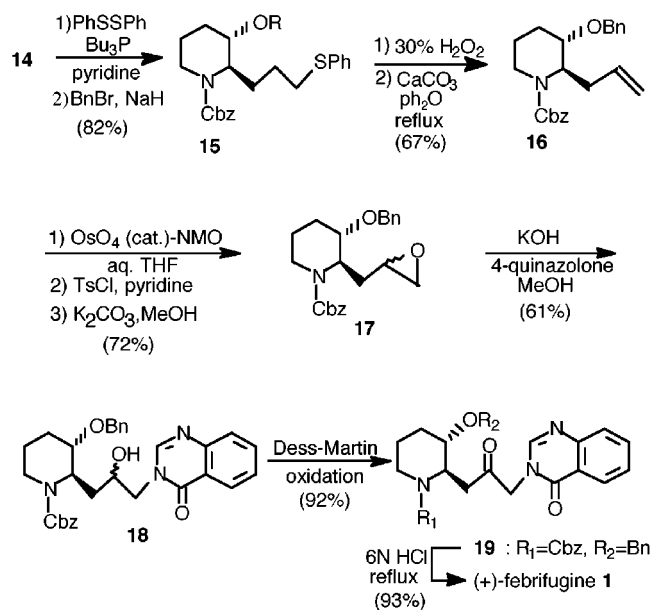
(15) Diastereomeric ratio could not be determined by spectroscopically (¹H NMR).

(16) Cruickshank, P. A.; Fishman, M. *J. Org. Chem.* **1969**, *34*, 4060.

(17) Dess, D. B.; Martin, J. C. *J. Org. Chem.* **1983**, *48*, 4155.

(7) Takeuchi, M.; Taniguchi, T.; Ogasawara, K. *Chirality* **2000**, *12*, 338.

Scheme 4



peracid proceeded very slowly, **16** was converted sequentially into the epoxide **17** corresponding to the retron **3**, as an

inseparable mixture of two diastereomers,¹⁵ by sequential dihydroxylation, monotosylation, and base-induced cyclization. The mixture was then reacted with the potassium salt¹⁶ generated from 4-quinazalone to furnish the secondary alcohol **18** as an inseparable mixture of two diastereomers,¹⁵ which was oxidized with the Dess–Martin reagent¹⁷ to give the protected febrifugine **19**, [α]³¹_D –22.0 (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃), as a single product. Finally **19** was refluxed with 6 N hydrochloric acid to afford (+)-febrifugine **1**, mp 152–153 °C, [α]³¹_D +27.5 (*c* 0.3, EtOH) [natural^{1b}: mp 139–140 °C; [α]²⁵_D +28 (*c* 0.5, EtOH)], after basic workup, by concurrent removal of the nitrogen and the oxygen protecting groups. Overall yield of (+)-febrifugine **1** from the chiral building block **5** was 11% in 24 steps (Scheme 4).

In conclusion, we have demonstrated an alternative utilization of the chiral building block which is developed for the construction of the aldohexoses by a diastereocontrolled synthesis of (+)-febrifugine.

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